

## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

### **Listing of Claims:**

1           1-62   (Cancelled)

1           63. (Currently Amended) A method of passing received Internet Protocol  
2       (IP) data packets through a network device, said method comprising:  
3           constructing within said network device a chunk ~~as a substantially fixed~~  
4       ~~quantity of data~~ with a payload that is sized to fit more than one of said IP data  
5       packets;

6       formatting said chunk to include at least one of:  
7       a forward error correction (FEC) code; and  
8       a cyclical redundancy check (CRC) code;

9           filling said payload of said chunk with a portion of at least one said IP  
10      data packet;

11          including a framing symbol in each said chunk; and  
12          passing said chunk through ~~an optical~~ a switch fabric of said network  
13      device.

1           64. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 63 further comprising  
2       inserting said framing symbol adjacent to the trailing end of said chunk.

1           65. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 63 wherein said passing  
2       comprises using said framing symbol to determine uniquely within a stream of  
3       bits the beginning and the trailing end of said chunk.

1           66-69. (Cancelled)

1           70. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 69 further comprising  
2    using said FEC encoded in each said chunk to detect and correct errors in said  
3    chunk.

1           71. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 70 further comprising  
2    using said CRC encoded in each said chunk to determine that the entire said  
3    chunk has a proper CRC value.

1           72. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 63 further comprising:  
2           formatting said chunk to include a scrambler seed, and wherein said  
3    formatting comprises using said scrambler seed in said chunk to balance zeroes  
4    and ones and to minimize run lengths of zeroes and ones by scrambling bits  
5    across said chunk.

1           73. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 63 further comprising:  
2           formatting said chunk to include a "Break Bytes" field and a "Make  
3    Bytes" field, said fields configured to precondition an optical receiver prior to the  
4    arrival of said chunk.

1           74. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 73 wherein said "Break  
2    Bytes" field and said "Make Bytes" field are programmable in length.

1           75. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 73 wherein said passing  
2    comprises using said "Break Bytes" and said "Make Bytes" field to precondition  
3    on optical receiver prior to the arrival of a chunk.

1           76. (Cancelled)

1           77. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 75 wherein "Make Bytes"  
2    field reestablishes a decision threshold level of a limiting amplifier within a burst  
3    mode optical receiver.

1           78. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 63 further comprising:  
2    formatting said chunk to include adding a chunk header.

1           79. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 78 wherein said chunk  
2    header includes identification of chunk type.

1           80. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 78 wherein said chunk  
2    header includes a header parity.

1           81. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 78 wherein said chunk  
2    header includes an indication that said chunk is a master chunk.

1           82. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 78 wherein said chunk  
2    header includes a sequence number.

1           83. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 82 further comprising:  
2            performing error detection and correction using said sequence number in  
3    said chunk header for alarming and for alerting that a chunk potentially was  
4    corrupted.

1           84. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 83 wherein a re-initialize  
2    bit is used to enable reinitialization of said sequence number, such that said  
3    alarming is avoided.

1           85. (Cancelled)

1           86. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 63 wherein said chunk  
2   contains multiple data packets.

1           87. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 63 wherein said sized  
2   chunk contains a segment of a data packet, said data packet having a length  
3   greater than the size of said chunk.

1           88. (Currently Amended) An Internet Protocol (IP) packet router, said  
2   router comprising:

3           at least one chunk having a payload comprising a plurality of IP data  
4   packets and a framing symbol; and

5           an optical a switch fabric through which said chunk passes;

6           wherein a respective chunk includes at least one of:

7           a forward error correction (FEC) code, and

8           a cyclical redundancy check (CRC) code.

1           90. (Previously Presented) The IP packet router of claim 88 wherein said  
2   framing symbol is located adjacent the trailing end of each said chunk.

1           91. (Cancelled).

1           92. (Cancelled)

1           93. (Cancelled)

1           94. (Cancelled)

1           95. (Previously Presented) The IP packet router system of claim 88  
2   wherein said FEC coding is located adjacent to and following said framing  
3   symbol.

1           96.-100. (Cancelled)

1           101. (Previously Presented) The IP packet router claim 88 wherein each  
2   said chunk is formatted to include a chunk header.

1           102. (Previously Presented) The IP packet router of claim 101 wherein  
2   said chunk header includes identification of chunk type.

1           103. (Currently amended) The IP packet router claim 101 wherein said  
2   ~~optical~~-switch fabric is partitioned into a plurality of working subplanes.

1           104. (Previously Presented) The IP packet router claim 103 wherein said  
2   chunk header includes identification of a specific routing subplane through said  
3   switch fabric.

1           105. (Previously Presented) The IP packet router of claim 101 wherein  
2   said chunk header includes a header parity.

1           106. (Currently amended) The IP packet router of claim 101 wherein said  
2   chunk header includes identification of an input of said ~~optical~~-switch fabric and  
3   an output of said optical switch fabric for said chunk.

1           107. (Previously Presented) The IP packet router system of claim 101  
2   wherein said chunk header includes a master chunk bit.

1           108. (Currently Amended) An Internet Protocol (IP) packet router system,  
2    said system comprising:

3           at least one chunk having a payload comprising a plurality of data packets  
4    and a framing symbol; and

5           an IP packet router, including:

6           ~~an optical~~ a switch fabric through which said chunk passes; and,

7           a first electrical switch stage at an input side of said ~~optical~~ switch  
8    fabric and a second electrical switch stage at an output side of said switch  
9    fabric,

10          wherein each said chunk is formatted to include a chunk header and at  
11    least one of:

12          a forward error correction (FEC) code, and

13          a cyclical redundancy check (CRC) code, and

14          wherein said chunk header includes a sequence number.

1           109. (Previously Presented) The IP packet router system of claim 88  
2    wherein said payload of said at least one chunk further comprises at least one  
3    packet segment and an associated packet header.

1           110.-111. (Cancelled)

1           112. (Currently Amended) A method of information flow through an IP  
2    packet network system device, said method comprising:

3           encapsulating within said network device input IP data packets from a  
4    plurality of source ports into ~~substantially fixed sized~~ chunks, wherein a  
5    respective chunk includes at least one of:

6          a forward error correction (FEC) code, and

7          a cyclical redundancy check (CRC) code;

8           formatting overhead information onto each of said chunks, said overhead  
9    including a framing symbol;  
10          sending said chunks to ~~an optical~~ a switch plane of said IP network device.

1           113. (Currently amended) The method of claim 112 further comprising:  
2    converting said directed chunks into electrical signals;  
3    sending said chunks from said ~~optical~~ switch plane;  
4    performing error detection and error correction on said chunk;  
5    removing said overhead information from said chunks; and  
6    reassembling said input data packets out of said chunks.

1           114. (Currently amended) The method of claim 112 wherein all  
2    information flows through said switch plane in said ~~substantially fixed sized~~  
3    chunks.

1           115. (Currently amended) The method of claim 112 further comprising:  
2    formatting said chunks to include ~~adding~~ a chunk header.

1           116. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 115 wherein said  
2    appropriate switch plane is one of a plurality of subplanes comprising a portioned  
3    switch fabric.

1           117. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 116 wherein said chunk  
2    header includes identification of a specific routing subplane through said switch  
3    fabric.

1           118. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 117 wherein said  
2    directing comprises using said identification in said chunk header of a specific  
3    routing subplane to route said chunks through said switch fabric.

1           119. (Currently amended) The method of claim 115 wherein said chunk  
2 header includes identification of an input of said appropriate ~~optical~~-switch plane  
3 and an output of said appropriate ~~optical~~-switch plane for said chunk.

1           120. (Currently amended) The method of claim 119 wherein said directing  
2 comprises using said identification in said chunk header of said input and said  
3 output to route said chunks through said ~~optical~~-switch plane.

1           121. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 119 further comprising:  
2           performing error detection and correction using said identification in said  
3 chunk header of said input and said output to verify the route of said chunks from  
4 said input and said output.

1           122. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 115 wherein said chunk  
2 header includes identification of chunk type.

1           123. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 122 wherein said  
2 directing comprises using said identification of chunk type in said chunk header  
3 to enable guaranteed bandwidth chunks to pass ahead of best effort chunks  
4 through said switch plane.

1           124. (Currently amended) The method of claim 112 wherein said ~~optical~~  
2 switch plane is part of ~~an optica~~a switch fabric.

1           125. (Currently amended) The method of claim 112 wherein said  
2 ~~electrically switchingsending~~ comprises using said framing symbol in each said  
3 chunk to determine uniquely within a stream of bits a beginning and a trailing end  
4 of each said chunk.

1           126. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 63, further comprising:  
2           stripping said IP data packets from said chunk within said network device.

1           127. (Currently amended) The IP packet router of claim 88, further  
2           comprising:

3           a first stage at an input side of said ~~optical~~-switch fabric and a second  
4           stage at an output side of said switch fabric,  
5           wherein said first stage is operable to construct said chunk, and said  
6           second stage is operable to strip said data packets from said chunk.